

Theme: Issues of Improving Legal Literacy of Students of Higher Educational Institutions

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Abstract: The article highlights such issues as the creation of legal immunity from factors that negatively affect the legal education of young people, respect for laws and moral rules in every person, loyalty to national values, an integrated approach to fostering a sense of intolerance for crime.

Key words: legal culture, legal consciousness, competence, legal behaviour, national value.

In recent years, significant work has been done on the fundamental reform of the national legal system, the formation of legal culture in society, and the training of qualified legal personnel.

At the same time, a number of problems and shortcomings that prevent the formation of respect for human rights and freedoms, raising the legal consciousness and legal culture of the population, and increasing the level of legal literacy of citizens in society remain.

In particular, legal education and upbringing work is not being carried out systematically and organically in order to raise the legal culture. For many years, this issue has been viewed as the work of law enforcement bodies and some state bodies, and the participation of the family, neighborhood and other institutions of civil society has not been sufficiently ensured. The formation of legal immunity against factors that negatively affect the legal education of young people, respect for laws and rules of etiquette, devotion to national values, and instilling a sense of intolerance towards offenses in every person was not approached comprehensively². Development of general cultural competencies in young people; Be loyal to the motherland, be kind to people and believe in universal and national values; to understand and be influenced by works of art and art; following cultural norms and a healthy lifestyle in modest clothing and behavior; to know values of universal importance (customs, rituals, national-cultural traditions and etc.), to treat them with respect; kindness, generosity, respect for other people's worldview, religious beliefs, national and ethnic characteristics, traditions and rituals; The role of legal culture is important in the preservation of the historical, spiritual and cultural heritage of the people, in the spirit of observing the rules of etiquette established in the society. Raising legal consciousness and legal culture in society is one of the most important conditions for ensuring the rule of law and strengthening legitimacy.

The student's legal culture is formed through educational activities aimed at a specific goal along with economic, social, political, historical, national-traditional, religious and philosophical-ideological studies that objectively affect his mind and behavior. Legal scholars have written many works about the characteristics of various factors that affect the mind and behavior of a person. Legal culture is the result of upbringing, social, economic, historical, political, national, ideological and legal changes. Positive changes create favorable social conditions for increasing the level of legal culture of a person, while life difficulties are a certain obstacle to the legal process and have a negative impact on people's legal consciousness and attitude. The era of socialism based on administrative command has a tragic effect on the moral condition of society, discredits moral values, and leads to legal nihilism³. Naturally, such a socio-political situation does not allow to carry out legal educational work, and sometimes even the possibility of carrying out such work has been put to an end. The independence of the state and the political and legal reforms initiated in the country will undoubtedly have a positive effect on the process of restoration of people's power, the expansion of transparency, the formation of political pluralism, the legal culture of citizens, and the increase in the effectiveness of legal education conducted among them. It is known that the level of legal culture of a person depends on the quality of legal education, which is an independent direction of ideological activity. Such an approach to the difficult issue is noted in most scientific studies devoted to legal education. The uniqueness of legal education is determined by its goals and tasks. Legal literature does not share the understanding of the goals and tasks of legal education. For example, according to one group of scientists, the activity of promoting legal activity requires solving two main tasks:

Firstly, organization of information from the society to the individual.

Secondly, to adopt and use forms of stimulation of positive legal activity of the person. Others explain the tasks of legal education as creating legal awareness and legal culture.

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² Tashkent city, 9th January in 2019, the decree of President of Uzbekistan, N: 5618. (Тошкент ш., 2019 йил 9 январь, ПФ-5618-сон).

³ U. Tadjikhanov and A. Saidov. Theory of legal culture, chapter 2. – Tashkent, 1998. – P. 43. (У.Таджиханов А Саидов. Хукукий маданият назарияси. ... 2 том. – Т., 1998.43-бет.)

Thirdly, some authors clarify the goals and tasks of legal education and include in the process of legal education the development of advanced legal beliefs, the achievement of highly organized legal behavior and legal activity. In particular, the purpose of legal education is to ensure conscious legal behavior. At the same time, the goal of legal education is the formation of social qualities of a person.

These qualities determine the legal culture, legal behavior and independent legal assessment of reality, respect for laws, intolerance to crime, as well as high legal activity, creative participation in the application of legal rules and their improvement, and embody the legal order. Of course, in the conditions of establishment of a legal state and multi-party system, the position of legal education cannot be turned into a program goal of any party and coordinated with it. This is an approach that is incompatible with the rule of law and political diversity in society.

Multifacetedness of existing views is not only a natural, but also a necessary scientific condition for understanding the essence of any phenomenon. This also applies to legal education. At the same time, the goals and tasks of legal education should be carefully and clearly defined.

In order to reflect on the effectiveness of the educational process, the student must understand the goals of the process and be able to compare the results achieved in practice. The goal of legal education is the formation of legal culture. The dark goal is achieved by mastering the achievements of mankind at a certain stage of the development of society.

List of used literature

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2. Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Education" No. ORQ-637 23.09.2020
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